# Cholinesterase **Testing Protocols** for Healthcare **Providers**

# Whom to Test?

#### **Cholinesterase-inhibiting Pesticides**

Test if working with Class I and Class II organophosphates (OP) or OP and N-methylcarbamates for greater than a total of 30 hours in 30 consecutive days.

#### N-methyl-carbamates

If only working with N-methyl-carbamates, cholinesterase testing is not likely to be beneficial.

# Baseline

#### **Baseline Determination**

Obtain baseline measures prior to working with cholinesterase-inhibiting pesticides. When obtaining the baseline, ensure that at least the previous 30 days were free of OP exposures.

Ensure that cholinesterase-inhibiting pesticides had not been handled in the immediate 30 days prior to testing.\*

Establish baselines annually.

### 2nd Baseline

A second baseline is recommended for improved precision but not essential. If a 2nd baseline is obtained, average the two values. When obtaining the 2nd baseline, wait to test until at least 3 days after the baseline, but within 30 days and ensure no pesticide exposures during this time period.

#### Working Baselines

Working baselines (baselines that are established when a 30-day period free of OP exposure is not possible) are likely to increase false negatives. Perform a second baseline after halting exposure (the longest practicable exposure-free period available is recommended, with a one-week exposure-free period at a minimum). If values differ by more than 10%, obtain a third baseline. The highest value should be used as the baseline.

# Testing

#### **Test Types**

Measure both acetylcholinesterase (red blood cell cholinesterase-AChE) and butyryl cholinesterase (plasma cholinesterase-PChE). AChE and PChE tests recommended; PChE if only performing 1 test.

#### Laboratory Services

Use the same laboratory and the same methodology for all testing so that results may be accurately compared.

# Post Exposure Testing

Conduct post exposure test each time worker exceeds or reaches 30 hours of exposure within any 30-day period after the baseline or last post exposure test.

# Medical Removal

Remove from handling cholinesterase-inhibiting pesticides with 30% or more reduction in cholinesterase activity (depression) of RBC or 40% or more reduction of plasma cholinesterase activity (depression).

# Level to Return to Handling

# **Return to Handling**

Return to handling when test result is greater than or equal to 80% of baseline.

## **Retest for Return to Work**

Days to repeat test is determined by degree of reduction in cholinesterase activity.

For RBC AChE: (% depression -20) /0.83 = # of days to repeat test

For Plasma PChE: (% depression -20) /1.2 = # of days to repeat test

# **Review of Handling Practices**

Review pesticide handling practices when test results are less than 80% of baseline.

\* Handling of pesticides refers to tasks such as mixing, loading, transferring or applying pesticides; handling open containers of pesticides; acting as a flagger; cleaning, handling, adjusting or repairing pesticide equipment; or assisting with the application of pesticides.

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